

TAKE VIEWS 5 Quick Take

April 20, 2020

Winners and Losers

While managers continue to watch for signs the pandemic will begin easing, they are also keeping an eye on 2021, when earnings are likely to improve. Will today's big market losers be tomorrow's winners? Three investment teams we collaborate with are watching fiscal policies, valuation and future earnings power for clues.

Focus on fiscal moves

AXA Investment Managers High Yield



The actual impact on U.S. GDP from the COVID-19 pandemic will be broad, as the economic sectors most impacted by the stay-at-home directives approximate as much as 30 percent of GDP. The CARES Act (economic relief bill), though massive in scope, will take time to move through the effected sectors. Monetary policy is already showing some efficacy in the nation's credit markets but has done little to convince equity investors that some degree of normalcy lays ahead. As such the near-term focus will continue to be on the mitigation of the COVID-19 pandemic in the population rather than on the economy in general. That said, the two are not inseparable. Thus, economic debate, centering on the magnitude of the decline in activity, should slowly pivot toward whether fiscal and monetary policies can and will return the economy to some level of normalcy in 2020.

Viewed through a valuation lens GAMCO Asset Management Small-Cap Value Sector



The stock market always discounts valuations very quickly. During the month of March, the market had no buffers—the result of quantitative investors, algorithmic trading and momentum investors all trading together. We believe that funds will flow into equities as the dust settles. We are considering when the market will discount 2021 earnings per share versus 2020, which will be a strong positive comparison. Like the virus, volatility is likely to remain with us. Volatility can lead to opportunity in areas where we can utilize our accumulated compounded knowledge of industries to buy/harvest companies where the markets have become too pessimistic or optimistic relative to long-term fundamentals. Some companies will be disproportionately hurt by recent developments, including the so-called BOTL companies—banks, oil (due to the recent price war) and travel and leisure—which have been completely shut down in the near term. Others will be helped (selected consumer staples and healthcare companies). Both need to be viewed through the lens of valuation.

It is too early to tell whether current events lead to a shift in market leadership from growth/momentum to value. We began to see a deterioration in venture funding in late 2019, but that has been belied by the continued strong performance of certain technology darlings. While we can't say exactly how this crisis will work out, as each one is slightly different, our approach has always been to own companies that have defensible balance sheets and franchising power to weather the storm. We believe this consistent and repeatable approach will serve us well through this crisis. Ultimately we think a retrenchment of the markets will chasten some momentum for investors while an economic downturn will underscore the importance of investing in companies with sustainable cash generation and adaptable managements.

Watching earnings potential BlackRock U.S. Large-Cap Value Sector



Our 2020 base case was for slow but positive U.S. economic growth. Upbeat fourth-quarter earnings, improving business sentiment and a Phase 1 U.S. China trade deal compelled U.S. stocks higher to begin the year—until the global spread of coronavirus brought a swift and sudden reversal. Concern over the human and economic toll has prompted emergency measures from governments and central bankers. Stock volatility is likely to persist as investors weigh the impact on corporate earnings and global supply chains. We expect earnings will be hit hard in 2020 but see coronavirus as a transitory event (perhaps three to six months) that does not permanently impair the world economy and company earnings power. This fall in U.S. stocks has been particularly pronounced, but history suggests investor patience has been rewarded as markets regain stability.



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