

A guide to understanding tax forms

Understanding the tax forms policyowners may receive for Long-Term Care Services[™] Rider benefits paid, and charges deducted from a life insurance policy.

The Long-Term Care Services[™] Rider (LTCSR) is available with certain permanent life insurance policies issued by Equitable. It is an accelerated death benefit for long-term care services. If certain conditions are met, a portion of the policy death benefit will be paid to the policyowner as a result of the insured being a chronically ill individual who is receiving qualified long-term care services as defined in the rider. Benefits accelerated under this rider will be treated as a lien against policy values. The rider benefits will also change other values of the policy.

Long-Term Care Services[®] Rider benefit payments

Depending on which Long-Term Care Services[™] Rider was issued with the permanent life insurance policy, benefits paid under this rider are treated as an acceleration of the death benefit and receive favorable tax treatment under either Section 7702B or 101(g) of the IRC. Regardless of whether the rider is qualified or not, the tax treatment of the rider benefit payments is the same.

The HIPAA daily limit for 2025 is \$420 per day.¹

Rider version	Tax form	Explanation		
Qualified rider (IRC 7702B) Form #ICC19-R19-LTCSR 	1099LTC	This form is for LTCSR benefit payments. All benefit payments will be reported. They are taxable to the extent they (together with any		
 Form #R19-LTCSR and state variations except NY 		other long-term care benefits relating to the same insured) exceed the greater of actual expenses incurred or the HIPAA daily limit.		
• Form #ICC12-R12-10				
 Form #R12-10 and state variations except NY 				
Nonqualified rider (IRC 101(g))	8853	This is a required form to be filed by policyowners if LTCSR benefit were attributed to them. (Policyowner's responsibility to include when filing their tax returns. Insurer does not send.)		
Form #R12-10NY				
 Form #R06-90 and state variations 				

1 The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) determines the daily limit, which represents a national average adjusted by a defined cost-of-living formula. For 2025, the daily HIPAA limit is \$420 (irs.gov), and is subject to an annual cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) thereafter.

2 Long-Term Care Services[®] Rider charges — taxation and insurer reporting depends on rider version

Qualified riders: The rider is intended to be tax-qualified under IRC 7702B. This means the LTCSR charges are not taxable; however, charges reduce the cost basis of the policy. Although the term **tax-qualified** may sound superior to **non-tax-qualified**, the difference in taxation to the policyowner is minimal in most situations. One situation where a tax-qualified rider is generally more beneficial is when the life insurance policy is a Modified Endowment Contract (MEC) since there is no current taxation, although basis is reduced by the LTCSR cost of insurance (COI) charges.

Nonqualified riders: With a non-tax-qualified rider, the LTCSR COIs are viewed as distributions each year. Therefore, taxability depends on whether the policy is a MEC, whether there is remaining tax basis in the policy and whether there is gain in the policy.

Rider version	Tax form	Explanation
 Qualified rider Form #ICC19-R19-LTCSR Form #R19-LTCSR and state variations except NY Form #ICC12-R12-10 Form #R12-10 and state variations except NY 	 1099R – LTCSR charges are reported on this form. Federal tax rules require insurers to report such amounts even though the amounts are not taxable. Code W appears in box 7 of the 1099R for charges or payments for purchasing qualified long-term care insurance contracts under combined arrangements, which are excludible under section 72(e) (11) against the cash surrender value of a life insurance contract. 	 LTCSR charges are not taxable even if the policy becomes a MEC. LTCSR charges reduce the basis in the policy (but not below zero). A 1099R is provided to the policyowner to reflect the LTCSR charges. This does not impact the tax treatment of the policy death benefit or LTCSR benefit payments. LTCSR charges are generally not considered deductible for income tax purposes.

Nonqualified rider

- Form #R12-10NY
- Form #R06-90 and state variations

1099R – LTCSR charges are reported on this form.

- The insurer will determine and report any taxable amount for a calendar year.
- Charges are treated as distributions each year.
- For non-MECs, LTCSR charges generally reduce the basis in the policy. For MECs or non-MECs where there is no remaining tax basis, the deemed distributions are generally taxable if and to the extent there is gain in the policy. A 1099R is provided to the policyowner to reflect the LTCSR charges. This does not impact the tax treatment of the policy death benefit or LTCSR benefit payment.
- LTCSR charges are generally not considered deductible for income tax purposes.

Client marketing material

The planning perspective, Accelerated Death Benefit for Long-Term Care, provides general information on certain federal tax considerations concerning the rider. There are several versions of this piece for the different rider forms.

The planning perspectives and other marketing materials are located on equitableLIFT.com/ltc.

Tax form samples

1099-LTC



LTCSR benefit payments

8853 Form 8853 and instructions on how to complete the form are located on the IRS website at irs.gov/pub/irs-pdf/f8853.pdf and irs.gov/ pub/irs-pdf/i8853.pdf.

1099R

			1 Gross distribution	OMB No. 1545-0119	Distributions From Pensions, Annuities,	
country, ZIP or foreign postal code, and phone no.		\$ \$22.10 2a Taxable amount	2025	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.	LTCSR charges	
					For	
			3 Capital gain (included in box 2a)	4 Federal income ta: withheld	state, City, or Local Tax Department	Code W appears in bo
RECIPIENT'S name Street address (including apt. no.)			S Employee contributions/ Designated Roth contributions or insurance premiums S TOtatribution code(s) W S S 5/ S S S 5/ S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S			of the 1099-R for cha or payments for purc qualified long-term c insurance contracts
					%	
City of LowP. BUSIE of BLOWPER E	auniy and ziP a lar	ijin pasisi nada	9a Your percentage of total distribution %	9b Total employeecontri		combined arrangeme
					no. 14 State distribution	which are excludible
		Date of payment	\$ 15 Local tax withheld \$ \$	16 Name of locality	17 Local distribution	section 72(e)(11) again cash surrender value
m 1099-R	www.irs.			Department of the Tre	P asury - Internal Revenue Service	life insurance contrac

Code W appears in box 7 of the 1099-R for charges or payments for purchasing qualified long-term care insurance contracts under combined arrangements, which are excludible under section 72(e)(11) against the cash surrender value of a

Please contact the Life Sales Desk or visit equitableLIFT.com/ltc for more information.

This guide provides a brief description of how the rider benefits and charges are treated according to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Please refer to the planning perspective, Accelerated Death Benefit for Long-Term Care ServicesSM Rider, for more information on the tax consequences of receiving Long-Term Care ServicesSM Rider benefits, and charges deducted from a life insurance policy account.

This guide is for reference purposes only and should not be considered tax or legal advice.

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Variable Life Insurance: • Is Not a Deposit of Any Bank • Is Not FDIC Insured • Is Not Insured by Any Federal Government Agency • Is Not Guaranteed by Any Bank or Savings Association • Variable Products May Go Down in Value

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